SAN MATEO COUNTY CALIFORNIA VOTER'S CHOICE ACT (SB 450)



Office of Mark Church Chief Elections Officer & Assessor-County Clerk-Recorder





What is SB 450 – California Voter's Choice Act?

- Landmark legislation Effective January 1, 2018
- Fundamentally transforms elections to All-Mailed Ballot/Vote Center Model with Ballot Drop-off Locations
- Part of a sweeping collection of election reforms designed to increase voter participation





For 14 selected counties effective January 1, 2018

- San Mateo
- Inyo
- Madera
- Napa
- Nevada
- Orange
- Sacramento

- San Luis Obispo
- Calaveras
- Santa Clara
- Shasta
- Sierra
- Sutter
- Tuolumne





What is California Voter's Choice Act?

- The Act applies to "any" election including Presidential and Gubernatorial Elections
- Distinguished from San Mateo County's All-Mailed Ballot AB 2028 Pilot Program, which applies only to Local Consolidated Elections and Local Special Elections
- Discretionary at the County level





How does California Voter's Choice Act work?

Voting Options

- All-Mailed Ballot
- Vote Centers
- Ballot Drop-off Locations





All-Mailed Ballot

- Every voter gets a ballot in the mail
- Mailed 29 days before the election
- Return envelopes are postage paid
- Provided in Spanish, Chinese and English
- Postmark + 3 days





Vote Centers

- Vote in person at "any" Vote Center countywide
- Early voting starting 29 days before Election Day
- Will be open on two weekends
- At least one Vote Center in each city or town
- Voter can receive a replacement ballot
- Voter can drop off voted ballot





Vote Centers (continued)

- Conditional Voter Registration available on-site at Vote Centers
- Real time access to VoteCal database allows for immediate verification of voter status
- Multilingual and Accessibility Assistance
- Three Accessible Devices per Vote Center





- 29 days before Election Day: 4 Vote Centers
- 10 Days before Election Day: 1 Vote Center for every 50,000 registered voters:* 9 Vote Centers
- 3 Days before Election Day: 1 Vote Center for every 10,000 registered voters:* 39 Vote Centers
- * Required by SB 450. Based on estimated 390,000 registered voters.



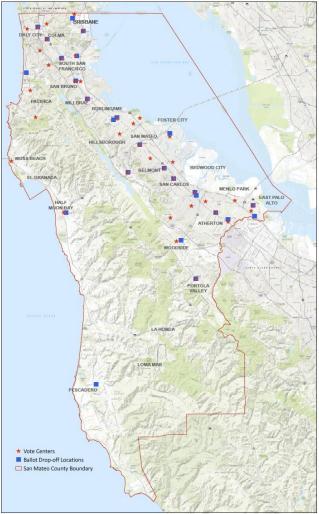
Ballot Drop-off Formula

- 28 Days before Election Day: 1 Ballot Drop-off Location per every 15,000 registered voters:*
 28 Ballot Drop off Locations (26 Required)
- Military Grade Exterior Drop Box: Designed with Image Capture Technology
- * Based on estimated 390,000 registered voters.





Proposed Vote Center/Ballot Drop-off Locations





- Ballot Drop-off Locations
- San Mateo County Boundary





Election Administration Plan (EAP)

- Requires the County to prepare a comprehensive Election Administration Plan for the administration of elections
- Consultations with the Voting Accessibility Advisory Committee (VAAC) and the Language Accessibility Advisory Committee (LAAC)
- Includes Voter Education and Outreach Plan



Voter Education & Outreach Plan

- Identifies Vote Center/Ballot Drop-off Locations
- Fixed locations to be supplemented by a Roving Vote Center
- EAP must be approved by the Secretary of State





- Community Education and Outreach will include:
 - Public Meetings
 - Public Service Announcements
 - Radio/Television/Print Advertisements
 - Social Media
 - Direct Voter Contact (Postcards)
 - Website Postings
 - Multilingual Communications







- Digital "I Voted" Sticker
 - Recognizes voters' participation in the election
 - For voters' social media and digital signatures
 - Developing banner indicating number of years voters have cast ballots



Target Election Dates

- June 5, 2018 Statewide Direct Primary Election
- November 6, 2018 Statewide Direct General Election

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New State Election Laws

- SB 450 California Voter's Choice Act (Vote by Mail/Vote Center/Ballot Drop-Off)
- SB 415 California Voter Participation Rights Act (Odd to Even-Numbered Year Elections)
- AB 1436 Conditional Voter Registration Law
- AB 1461 California New Motor Voter Law
- AB 2252 Remote Accessible Vote by Mail Systems





Conditional Voter Registration

- Available at all Vote Centers
- Voters who missed the registration deadline can register to vote, up to and including Election Day
 - Voters will complete a registration form (paper or online) and be provided with a provisional ballot
 - The provisional ballot will be counted when the voter's eligibility is confirmed



Vote Center Technology

- June 2018 Election Deploy 400 eSlate voting machines, 210 laptops with VPN and Wi-Fi connections, and on-demand ballot printing systems
- 2020 Presidential Election Evaluating new voting system that will be designed to operate in a Vote Center environment using:
 - E-poll books
 - Ballot scanners





Voting System Security

- State Certified Voting System
- "Closed" Voting Tabulation System
 - No Online Connectivity to Voter Registration database
- Digital Encryption to protect data
- Physical Hardware Access Controls
- Strict Chain of Custody security processes
- Best practices and rigorous staff training to mitigate risks and cyber security breaches
- Dual Factor Authentication



Questions?

